

## Chapter 1 Clues

### Across

1. Economic resources, including natural resources, human resources, and capital resources.
5. The private ownership of resources by individuals, rather than by the government.
7. Things that add comfort and pleasure to your life.
8. Businesses offering very similar products to the same customers.
10. The means through which goods and services are produced.
13. The money left from sale after all of the costs of operating a business.
14. The quantity of a good or service that businesses are willing and able to provide.
15. A nation's plan for answering the three economic questions.
17. The risk taker who uses resources in an entirely new way to create a new product or service.
18. An economy in which goods and services are produced the way they have always been produced. It is used in countries that are less developed and are not yet participating in the global economy.
20. A raw material supplied by nature.
21. The graphic view of the demand for a product or service. The demand curve for a product, for example, illustrates the relationship between the price of the product and the quantity demanded by consumers.
22. Not having enough resources to satisfy every need.

### Down

2. The value of the next-best alternative that you did not choose.
3. The quantity of a good or service that consumers are willing and able to buy.
4. An economy that combines elements of the command and market economies.
6. What you make when you give something up to have something else.
8. A person who buys and uses goods and services.
9. Things that are required in order to live.
11. The products and money used to produce goods and services.
12. The rivalry among businesses to sell their goods and services.
13. Individuals and organizations that determine what products and services will be available for sale.
16. Activities that are consumed at the same time they are produced.
19. Things you can see and touch; they are products you can purchase to meet your wants and needs.